

### News Release Embargoed until 1200 (KAZ) 2 June 2025 / 0700 (UTC) 2 June 2025

# FREEDOM HOLDING CORP. KAZAKHSTAN MANUFACTURING PMI<sup>®</sup>

## New order growth remains solid but output rises at weaker pace

#### Solid and accelerated rise in new orders

Growth of output, employment and purchasing at 15-month lows

Sharper increase in input costs

Continued success in securing new orders helped lead to a further improvement in the health of the Kazakh manufacturing sector in May.

While new order growth remained solid, there were slowdowns in the rates of expansion of output, employment and purchasing activity. On the price front, unfavourable currency fluctuations led to a sharp rise in input costs, while competitive pressures limited the pace of output price inflation.

The Freedom Holding Corp. Kazakhstan Manufacturing PMI<sup>®</sup> (Purchasing Managers' Index<sup>™</sup>) registered 51.3 in May, broadly in line with the reading of 51.2 in April. As a result, the PMI continued to signal modest improvement in the health of the manufacturing sector. Business conditions have now strengthened in each of the past 15 months.

The main positive from the latest survey was a further solid expansion in new orders. New business increased for the sixteenth consecutive month, and to a greater extent than in April. Respondents indicated that they had been able to take on new clients and finalise contracts amid improving demand conditions.

While new orders continued to rise solidly, there were signs of growth slowing elsewhere.

Manufacturing production increased only marginally in May, and at the weakest pace in the current 15-month sequence of expansion. Where output rose, this was linked to higher new orders, but there were some reports that difficulties paying for raw materials had limited the pace of growth.

Purchasing activity also rose at the slowest pace in 15 months during May, with input buying up only slightly.

This was also the case with regards to employment. While some firms took on extra staff in response to higher new orders, the pace of job creation eased in line with that seen for manufacturing production. Freedom Holding Corp. Kazakhstan Manufacturing PMI Index, sa, >50 = improvement m/m



Data were collected 12-22 May 2025. Source: Freedom Holding Corp, S&P Global PMI. ©2025 S&P Global.

### Comment

Yerlan Abdikarimov, Director of Financial Analysis Department at Freedom Finance Global PLC (100% subsidiary of the Freedom Holding Corp.):

"We observe that Kazakhstan's manufacturing industry is in a phase of steady, albeit vulnerable, growth. Alongside the increase in new orders, the imbalance between demand and production capacity has deepened, coupled with rising cost inflation, supply chain instability, and currency risks. These challenges can be viewed not only as barriers, but also as growth opportunities. We believe that strategic investments in operational efficiency and supply chain optimisation can provide fresh momentum for the industry's development in the near term."



PMI Output PMI Employment



Despite weaker rises in output, purchasing activity and employment, firms remained able to keep on top of workloads in May and reduced outstanding business for the third consecutive month.

This was partly achieved through the use of stocks of finished goods to help fulfil orders. Post-production inventories decreased for the third month running. Although modest, the reduction was the largest since January. Stocks of purchases also decreased midway through the second quarter.

Suppliers' delivery times lengthened, ending a two-month sequence of improving vendor performance.

May data pointed to a sharp and accelerated increase in input prices. Panellists mainly linked the rise to a depreciation of the tenge against the Russian ruble, while higher costs for raw materials including metals were also mentioned.

Output prices, meanwhile, increased at the slowest pace for a year as competitive pressures limited the ability of firms to pass through higher input costs to customers.

After falling to a four-month low in April, business confidence regained some ground in May. More than half of all respondents predicted a rise in output over the coming year, linked to expected improvements in new orders, the modernisation of production lines and hopes for better raw material availability. Optimism was above the series average. PMI Input Prices PMI Output Prices Index, sa, >50 = inflation m/m



Contact

Yerlan Abdikarimov Financial Analysis Department Director Freedom Finance Global PLC Yerlan.abdikarimov@ffin.kz Freedom Holding Corp.

Public Relations Department Freedom Finance Global PLC pr@ffin.kz Freedom Holding Corp. Andrew Harker Economics Director S&P Global Market Intelligence T: +44 (0) 1491 461 016 andrew.harker@spglobal.com

Hannah Brook EMEA Communications Manager S&P Global Market Intelligence T: +44 (0) 7483 439 812 hannah.brook@spglobal.com press.mi@spglobal.com

If you prefer not to receive news releases from S&P Global, please email press.mi@spglobal.com. To read our privacy policy, click here.



#### Methodology

The Freedom Holding Corp. Kazakhstan Manufacturing  $PMI^{\circledast}$  is compiled by S&P Global from responses to questionnaires sent to purchasing managers in a panel of around 250 manufacturers. The panel is stratified by detailed sector and company workforce size, based on contributions to GDP. Data collection began in March 2019.

Survey responses are collected in the second half of each month and indicate the direction of change compared to the previous month. A diffusion index is calculated for each survey variable. The index is the sum of the percentage of 'higher' responses and half the percentage of 'unchanged' responses. The indices vary between 0 and 100, with a reading above 50 indicating an overall increase compared to the previous month, and below 50 an overall decrease. The indices are then seasonally adjusted.

The headline figure is the Purchasing Managers' Index<sup>™</sup> (PMI). The PMI is a weighted average of the following five indices: New Orders (30%), Output (25%), Employment (20%), Suppliers' Delivery Times (15%) and Stocks of Purchases (10%). For the PMI calculation the Suppliers' Delivery Times Index is inverted so that it moves in a comparable direction to the other indices.

Underlying survey data are not revised after publication, but seasonal adjustment factors may be revised from time to time as appropriate which will affect the seasonally adjusted data series.

For further information on the PMI survey methodology, please contact economics@spglobal.com.

#### PMI by S&P Global

Purchasing Managers' Index<sup>™</sup> (PMI<sup>®</sup>) surveys are now available for over 40 countries and also for key regions including the eurozone. They are the most closely watched business surveys in the world, favoured by central banks, financial markets and business decision makers for their ability to provide up-to-date, accurate and often unique monthly indicators of economic trends.

www.spglobal.com/marketintelligence/en/mi/products/pmi

#### Freedom Holding Corp.

Freedom Holding Corp. is a diversified company. It provides financial services and brokerage services securities trading, investment research and consulting, investment banking and underwriting services, mortgages, insurance, telecommunications, online sales of airline tickets and event tickets, offer online supermarket services and many others.

The Holding, including subsidiaries, employs more than 6.8 thousand people.

The headquarter of Freedom Holding Corp. is in Almaty (Kazakhstan) with supporting administrative offices and subsidiaries locations in 22 countries including Kazakhstan, the United States of America, Cyprus, Poland, Spain, Uzbekistan, Azerbaijan and others.

Freedom Holding Corp.'s common stocks are registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and trades under the ticker symbol FRHC on the Nasdaq Capital Market.

#### www.freedomholdingcorp.com

#### S&P Global

S&P Global (NYSE: SPGI) provides essential intelligence. We enable governments, businesses and individuals with the right data, expertise and connected technology so that they can make decisions with conviction. From helping our customers assess new investments to guiding them through ESG and energy transition across supply chains, we unlock new opportunities, solve challenges and accelerate progress for the world.

We are widely sought after by many of the world's leading organizations to provide credit ratings, benchmarks, analytics and workflow solutions in the global capital, commodity and automotive markets. With every one of our offerings, we help the world's leading organizations plan for tomorrow, today.

www.spglobal.com

#### Disclaimer

The intellectual property rights to the data provided herein are owned by or licensed to S&P Global and/or its affiliates. Any unauthorised use, including but not limited to copying, distributing, transmitting or otherwise of any data appearing is not permitted without S&P Global's prior consent. S&P Global shall not have any liability, duty or obligation for or relating to the content or information ("Data") contained herein, any errors, inaccuracies, omissions or delays in the Data, or for any actions taken in reliance thereon. In no event shall S&P Global be liable for any special, incidental, or consequential damages, arising out of the use of the Data. Purchasing Managers' Index<sup>™</sup> and PMI<sup>®</sup> are either trade marks or registered trade marks of S&P Global Inc or licensed to S&P Global Inc and/or its affiliates.

This Content was published by S&P Global Market Intelligence and not by S&P Global Ratings, which is a separately managed division of S&P Global. Reproduction of any information, data or material, including ratings ("Content") in any form is prohibited except with the prior written permission of the relevant party. Such party, its affiliates and suppliers ("Content Providers") do not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy, completeness, timeliness or availability of any Content and are not responsible for any errors or omissions (negligent or otherwise), regardless of the cause, or for the results obtained from the use of such Content. In no event shall Content Providers be liable for any damages, costs, expenses, legal fees, or losses (including lost income or lost profit and opportunity costs) in connection with any use of the Content.